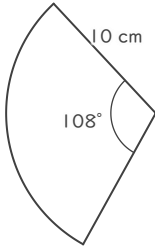


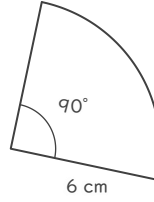
■ つぎの おうぎ形 のまわりの長さを求めましょう。

①



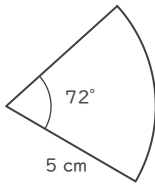
(式)

②



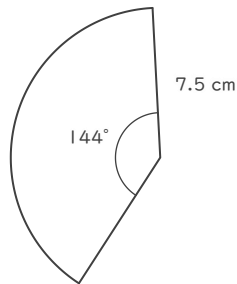
(式)

③



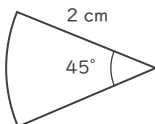
(式)

④



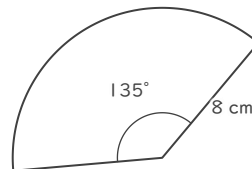
(式)

⑤



(式)

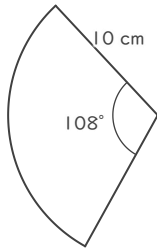
⑥



(式)

■ つぎの おうぎ形 のまわりの長さを求めましょう。

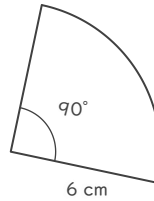
①



(式) $(10 \times 2) \times 3.14 = 62.8$
 $62.8 \times 108 \div 360 = 18.84$

$18.84 + 10 \times 2 = 38.84$ 38.84 cm

②

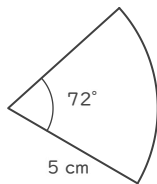


(式) $(6 \times 2) \times 3.14 = 37.68$

$37.68 \times 90 \div 360 = 9.42$

$9.42 + 6 \times 2 = 21.42$ 21.42 cm

③

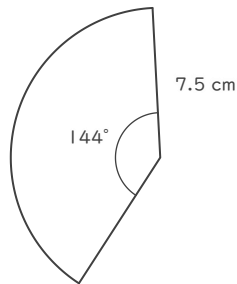


(式) $(5 \times 2) \times 3.14 = 31.4$

$31.4 \times 72 \div 360 = 6.28$

$6.28 + 5 \times 2 = 16.28$ 16.28 cm

④

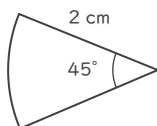


(式) $(7.5 \times 2) \times 3.14 = 47.1$

$47.1 \times 144 \div 360 = 18.84$

$18.84 + 7.5 \times 2 = 33.84$ 33.84 cm

⑤

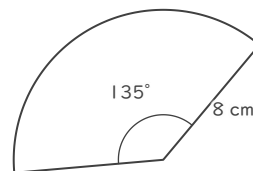


(式) $(2 \times 2) \times 3.14 = 12.56$

$12.56 \times 45 \div 360 = 1.57$

$1.57 + 2 \times 2 = 5.57$ 5.57 cm

⑥



(式) $(8 \times 2) \times 3.14 = 50.24$

$50.24 \times 135 \div 360 = 18.84$

$18.84 + 8 \times 2 = 34.84$ 34.84 cm